# Financial administrative penalties for fisheries offences

Issued by the Cornwall Inshore Fisheries Conservation Authority with respect to the Marine Management Organisation guidance



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#### Introduction

- 1. These instructions have effect from 06 April 2012.
- 2. This guidance is not exhaustive, nor is it a definitive statement of the law. The relevant legislation is the Sea Fishing (Penalty Notices) (England) Order 2011 SI2011 No 758<sup>1</sup>.
- 3. Your local Inshore Fisheries and Conservation Authority (IFCA) office (see Appendix 1) will be able to provide further advice.
- 4. Similar schemes are operated by the Marine Management Organisation in England and the fisheries administrations in Northern Ireland, Wales and Scotland.

# At a glance

- 5. The financial administrative penalties system has been designed to complement the existing enforcement system rather than replace it. You may be offered a penalty as an alternative to criminal prosecution in certain circumstances. A penalty will only be offered where there is reason to believe that a person has committed an offence for which an administrative penalty may be issued ("penalty offence", see Appendix 2 for a list of relevant penalty offences).
- 6. This scheme applies to penalty offences committed in relation to sea fishing (as listed in the Schedule to the Order) in England, and by English and Welsh fishing vessels wherever they operate (Wales and the Welsh Zone excepted) or by other fishing vessels within English waters of British fishery limits. In accordance with the regulations, and where appropriate, the master, owner, charterer, representative, operator and/or legally liable person may be issued with a penalty notice.
- 7. In the event of a penalty offence being detected and an administrative penalty being offered, payment of the penalty within 28 days will discharge your liability to be prosecuted for the offence. However you will be under no obligation to accept and pay the penalty if you wish to have the matter dealt with via court proceedings. Non-payment of the penalty will not constitute an offence in itself.
- 8. Administrative penalties will not be offered for:
- obstruction, failure to comply with requirements made by inshore fisheries and conservation officers (IFCOs³) or preventing another person from complying, and assaults or threats to IFCOs or those assisting them – these will be referred for prosecution;
- offences under an EU recovery plan which attract automatic licence suspension when no further penalty will apply; and

www.leaislation.gov.uk/uksi/2011/758/made

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Penalty" in this document refers to a financial administrative penalty under the Sea Fishing (Penalty Notices) (England) Order 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In this document inshore fisheries and conservation officer (IFCO) can be read as marine enforcement officer (MEO) or British sea fishery officer (BSFO) where applicable.

- certain illegal, unregulated and unreported (IUU) offences pertaining to the operation and engagement of IUU listed vessels.
- 9. Written warnings and simple cautions<sup>4</sup> may still be issued, however please note that a written warning, caution or a financial administrative penalty may not always be issued for a first or subsequent offence where the authorities believe that the offending is of such a nature that court proceedings are more appropriate.
- 10. Repeat offending may result in increased penalties or automatic referral for prosecution.
- 11. Guidance on the Cornwall IFCA's enforcement policy can be obtained on the website or by contacting the IFCA (see Appendix 1).

# **Detection and investigation**

- 12. Investigations into suspected fisheries offences will be undertaken by IFCOs in accordance with the Cornwall IFCA Enforcement Strategy.
- 13. Within six weeks of finalising the investigation a decision will be made regarding action to be taken for the offences detected, at which time you will be notified of the decision in writing.
- 14. An administrative penalty may be issued by the Cornwall IFCA for the relevant EU, national<sup>5</sup> and byelaw offences listed in Appendix 2, for which it has jurisdiction. All penalty notices issued by the Cornwall IFCA will be authorised by the Head of Service.

#### Consideration of an administrative penalty

15. Where there is evidence which gives an authorised officer reason to believe that a penalty offence has been committed, the facts of the case will be assessed against the following criteria for the purpose of deciding whether an administrative penalty is appropriate:

- The severity of the infringement: how serious the offence is including, where appropriate, environmental impact.
- **Previous infringement history**, including what action was taken as a result of any previous infringements.
- Other offences detected at the same time as the offence in question and the nature of these offences these may add to the seriousness of the overall infringement.
- Value of the catch: this may affect the decision if the potential financial gain of
  the offence exceeds the proposed penalty. The value of the illegal catch will be
  determined wherever possible by the previous week's average prices at the most
  appropriate market. This can include markets outside the UK if, for example, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> A simple caution (as opposed to a conditional caution) as defined by the Criminal Justice Act 2003 may be used to dispose of an offence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Including Several and Regulating Orders.

Vessel concerned routinely lands abroad. Data from statutory returns may be provided by the MMO for the calculation of the value of catch.

- **Volume of catch**: This is particularly relevant to by-catch offences but may also factor in other offences where the volume of illegal catch is significant.
- Whether the species involved is subject to stock recovery measures.

16. Where a single investigation results in the discovery of more than one offence, then the offences will be broken down, categorised and given individual penalties to a maximum combined value of £10,000. The Cornwall IFCA may at its discretion decide not to offer a penalty notice but refer the matter for prosecution.

#### Determining level of penalty

17. There are four basic levels of administrative penalty depending on the nature of the offence committed and where it is deemed appropriate for a financial administrative penalty (FAP) to be offered. These range from £250 to £2,000 as set out in the first column of the table below.

Table 1: Penalty levels

	First offence	Second offence	Further offences
Level 1	£250	£500	Referred for prosecution
Level 2	£500	£1,000	Referred for prosecution
Level 3	£1,000	£2,000	Referred for prosecution
Level 4	£2,000	£4,000	Referred for prosecution

18. All penalty offences have been categorised (see Appendix 2). Each category of offence has been rated according to the seriousness of the breach in question to determine the basic penalty level. These levels also take into account historical analysis of court penalties while offering an incentive for you to opt against referral for prosecution.

# Offence categories and penalty levels

19.

Category	Penalty level	First offence	Second offence	Further offences
1 Marketing offences	1	£250	£500	
<b>2</b> Miscellaneous	2	£500	£1,000	
3 Technical conservation (Gear)	3	£1,000	£2,000	
4 Technical conservation (Catch)	3	£1,000	£2,000	
5 Recovery offences	3	£1,000	£2,000	
6 Control offences (including Registered Buyers and Sellers and UK licence offences)	3	£1,000	£2,000	
<b>7</b> Access	4	£2,000	£4,000	Referred for prosecution
8 Illegal, unregulated and unreported fishing offences	4	£2,000	£4,000	
9 Undersize fish offences (UK, EU, byelaw)	2	£500	£1,000	
10 IFCA access offences	3	£1,000	£2,000	
11 IFCA technical conservation (catch)	2	£500	£1,000	
12 IFCA technical conservation (gear)	2	£500	£1,000	
13 IFCA permit	1	£250	£500	

Penalties may be subject to adjustment in accordance with paragraphs 20 and 22.

- 20. Where the identified financial gain (connected to or resulting from the offence) is greater than the proposed level of penalty, the penalty offered will be increased by multiples of the relevant basic penalty level (£250, £500, £1,000 or £2,000) until the value of the penalty is greater than that of the identified financial gain.
- 21. This could include where appropriate, offering a penalty of up to £10,000. If the financial gain is greater than £10,000, or the financial gain in relation to the offence is deemed to be of a serious nature, a FAP will not be offered and the offence will be referred to court.

- 22. Where multiple offences are detected, the identified financial gain will only be considered once in relation to the penalty offences. Where the financial gain has already been considered in the calculation of a penalty, the remaining penalty offences will be offered at the relevant basic penalty level in accordance with paragraph 17. As stated in paragraph 16, multiple penalty notices may be issued to a total combined value of £10,000.
- 23. The financial administrative penalty will be increased to the next level available if the person offered the penalty has received a penalty for the same category of offence in the previous two years. This could include, in the case of a second offence attracting a level 4 penalty, offering a basic penalty of £4,000 which may be increased to a maximum of £10,000 to cover the identified financial gain.

# **Emergency byelaws**

24. Where an emergency byelaw is in force, the penalties for offences created by such a byelaw will be in accordance with existing penalties for similar byelaws in Appendix 2.

#### Penalty notices

- 25. Once a decision has been made that an administrative penalty should be offered, a penalty notice will be issued by Cornwall IFCA to those deemed liable for the penalty offence. This will detail the circumstances of the offence and the level of the penalty being offered. Notices will be hand-delivered or sent by post, and will state how payments should be made, if the offer of a penalty is accepted.
- 26. A penalty notice can be withdrawn before or after the payment of the penalty if it is issued in error, if it contains technical errors or is issued to the wrong person. Where a penalty notice is withdrawn, any monies paid will be repaid in full, but in appropriate circumstances a new penalty notice may be issued.

#### Payment of the penalty

- 27. Payment must be credited to the Cornwall IFCA bank account before the end of the 28 day period beginning with the date on which the notice was issued.
- 28. In accordance with the relevant regulations, liability for an administrative penalty lies with the master, owner, charterer, operator, representative and/or legally liable person. We will accept payment of the penalty by any one person as counting as payment for all others who are liable.
- 29. For example, where a fishing vessel master and owner are found to be legally responsible for a penalty offence and have both been issued with a £1,000 penalty notice for which they are jointly and severally liable, Cornwall IFCA will not expect the master and owner each to pay £1,000. Instead, if the owner pays the £1,000, the notice issued to the master will be treated as having been paid.
- 30. Once payment has been received from a legally liable person in respect of a joint offence, a written notification ("notice of deemed payment") will be sent to the other legally liable person(s) stating that payment has been received in respect of the penalty offence(s), and indicating that their penalty is being treated as having been paid.

# Objection to payment of the penalty

- 31. As payment of the penalty may have consequences for all the persons to whom it was issued, measures have been put in place to allow any of those persons jointly and severally liable to contest the process. A written notice of objection must be sent by post or delivered by hand within 28 days of the penalty notice being issued, or within five days of the notice of deemed payment being given if the person(s) are opposed to their penalty being treated as having been paid.
- 32. Where this happens, your penalty will not be treated as having been paid, with the result that, if the penalty remains unpaid at the end of the 28 day period, the case will be referred for prosecution in the usual way. (This will not affect those who have actually paid, or who do not object to having their penalty notice treated as having been paid.)
- 33. Should a prosecution result in conviction, the penalty you have paid will be applied towards any fine imposed by the court and any excess will be repaid to you. Should the court case result in acquittal, the penalty will be repaid to you in full.

# Payment of a penalty in relation to non-British registered fishing vessels

- 34. The financial administrative penalty scheme applies to all relevant legally liable persons as stated in paragraph 6, however a penalty will only be offered to a foreign fishing vessel if the penalty is accepted at the time it is offered, or the vessel may be detained to port for prosecution. 28 days will still be permitted for payment of the penalty, however should no payment be made by the end of the 28 day period court proceedings will be issued and, if applicable, the vessel detained to port.
- 35. If, following payment of the penalty, you wish the matter to be referred for prosecution you must give written notice requesting that proceedings be brought. The notice must:
- a) indicate that the person giving the notice wishes proceedings to be brought in relation to the offence(s) to which the penalty notice relates, and
- b) be given within 28 days, beginning with the date the penalty notice was issued.
- 36. Should a prosecution result in conviction, the penalty you have paid will be applied towards any fine imposed by the court and any excess will be repaid to you. Should the court case result in acquittal, the penalty will be repaid to you in full.

#### Central register of penalties

37. Details of all penalties will be held in a central register. If you choose not to pay a penalty and are found not guilty in court, no infringement will be recorded on the database and will not count as a previous offence in any future decisions.

#### Methods of payment

38. Payment in cash is not permitted. Payment may only be made by Bankers draft or Electronic transfer. Please use one of the following payment methods in Appendix 3, quoting the reference number from the penalty notice (which will be in the form "PFV / CIFCA / xx / yy" – for example PFV / CIFCA / 12 / 01.

- 39. You must make your payment in time to allow it to be cleared before the end of the 28 day payment period.
- 40. Payments in Euros must be sufficient to cover the total penalty value after conversion into British pounds sterling and relevant bank charges.

#### Receipt of payment

- 41. You will be issued with a receipt and a record of the penalty notice will be kept. In some circumstances, the fact that you have paid a penalty notice might have evidential value in court proceedings.
- 42. If you do not pay the penalty notice within the 28 day period, the offence will be referred for prosecution.

# Amendments to guidance

43. This guidance document will be amended and reviewed as necessary to accommodate changes to legislation relevant to the financial administrative penalty scheme.

# Data sharing and the Data Protection Act

44. Information may be shared or input may be sought from other enforcement bodies as may be appropriate, subject to the Data Protection Act.

# Appendix 1: IFCA contacts

Cornwall IFCA Chi Gallos

Hayle Marine Renewables Business Park

North Quay, Hayle Cornwall TR27 4DD Tel:01736 336842

Email: enquiries@cornwall-ifca.gov.uk

Web: www.cornwall-ifca.gov.uk

Devon and Severn IFCA Brixham Laboratory Freshwater Quarry

Brixham

Devon TQ5 8BA Tel: 01803 854648

Email: office@devonandsevernifca.gov.uk

Web:  $\underline{www.devonandsevernifca.gov.uk}$ 

Sussex IFCA
Unit 6, Highdown House
Shoreham Airport
Shoreham-by-Sea
West Sussex BN43 5PB
Tel: 01273 454407

Email: <u>admin@sussex-ifca.gov.uk</u>
Web: <u>www.sussex-ifca.gov.uk</u>

Eastern IFCA Unit 6, Bergen Way King's Lynn Norfolk PE30 2JG Tel: 01553 775321

Email: <u>mail@eastern-ifca.gov.uk</u>
Web: <u>www.eastern-ifca.gov.uk</u>

Northumberland IFCA
Unit 60B
South Nelson Road
Cramlington
Northumberland NE23 1WF

Tel: 01670 731399

Email: <u>nifca@nifca.gov.uk</u>
Web: <u>www.nifca.gov.uk</u>

Isles of Scilly IFCA

Council of the Isles of Scilly

Town Hall St Mary's

Isles of Scilly TR21 0LW Tel: 01720 424808

Email: maritime@scilly.gov.uk

Southern IFCA 64 Ashley Road Parkstone Poole

Dorset BH14 9BN Tel: 01202 721373

Email: <a href="mailto:enquiries@southern-ifca.gov.uk">enquiries@southern-ifca.gov.uk</a> Web: <a href="mailto:www.southern-ifca.gov.uk">www.southern-ifca.gov.uk</a>

Kent and Essex IFCA Paragon House Albert Street Ramsgate

Kent CT11 9HD Tel: 01843 585310

Email: info@kentandessex-ifca.gov.uk Web: www.kentandessex-ifca.gov.uk

North Eastern IFCA Town Hall

Quay Road Bridlington

East Riding of Yorkshire YO16 4LP

Tel: 01482 393690

Email: ne-ifca@eastriding.gov.uk

Web: www.ne-ifca.gov.uk

North Western IFCA 1 Preston Street Carnforth Lancashire LA5 9BY

Tel: 01524 727970

Email: office@nw-ifca.gov.uk
Web: www.nw-ifca.gov.uk

# Appendix 2: Penalty offence categories

Category	1: Marketing offences
ECMA	Labelling
ECMB	Grading – size
ECMC	Grading – freshness
ECMX	Marketing – other offences
	2: Miscellaneous Offences
ECCX	Catch – other offences (including quota regulation by-catch offences)
ECXA	Failure to display port letters and numbers on vessel or craft or Fisheries
	Activity Database
ECXB	Failure to display port letters and numbers on gear
ECXC	Failure to produce a certified fishroom plan or ullage tables or stowage plan
ECXE	Failure to provide a boarding ladder
ECXF	Failure to permit use of communications equipment
ECXL	Illegal or failure to use marker buoys
ECXM	Failure to notify gear (if subject to effort management regime)
ECXN	Failure to retrieve or notify lost gear
Category	3: Technical conservation measures (gear) offences
ECAX	Fishing in restricted areas – other offences
ECGA	Incorrectly stowed gear
ECGB	Mesh size – required percentage of target species – towed gear
ECGC	Beam size
ECGD	Illegal attachment
ECGE	Illegal bottom side chafer
ECGF	Illegal topside chafer – type A
ECGG	Illegal topside chafer – type B
ECGH	Illegal strengthening bag
ECGJ	Illegal chafing piece
ECGK	Illegal cod line
ECGL	Illegal lifting strap
ECGM	Illegal round strap
ECGN	Illegal flapper
ECGO	Illegal strengthening rope
ECGP	Illegal torquette
ECGQ	Carriage of undersize nets
ECGR	Gill nets or passive gear – carriage or use or length or mesh size
ECGS	Illegal square mesh panel or failure to use square mesh panel
ECGU	Excess meshes in circumference
ECGV	Trawl or geometry
ECGW	Twine thickness
ECGX	Gear offences – other
UKGA	Square mesh panel – failure to use square mesh panel
UKGB	Square mesh panel – undersize mesh
UKGC	Square mesh panel – dimension
UKGD	Square mesh panel – position in trawl

UKGE	Trawl geometry
UKGF	Twin rig trawl restrictions
UKGG	Illegal scallop dredge
UKGX	Other UK gear offences
	4: Technical conservation measures (catch) offences
ECCA	Enter mackerel box with undeclared mackerel catch (see ECAD)
ECCB	Failure to attain 95 per cent bivalve molluscs when fishing with dredges
ECCD	Catching herring for industrial use
ECCE	Landing cut out scallops or lobster tails
ECCF	Fishing for or retaining species – no quota allocated or exhausted
ECCJ	Illegal fish processing
ECCK	Salmon and sea trout
ECCL	Gill net catch composition requirements
UKAC	Retaining bass from bass nursery area
UKAD	Landing crab claws
Category	
CODA	Failure to catch 30 per cent nephrops in north sea (80 to 109 mm)
CODB	Failure to meet catch composition (110 to 119 mm) saithe
CODC	Carriage or use of gear (100 to 119 mm)
CODD	Cod catch exceeding 20 per cent (32 to 119 mm)
CODE	Illegal headline panel (70 to 99 mm)
CODF	Illegal square mesh panel (70 to 99 mm)
CODG	Twine thickness
CODH	Exceeding net circumference (70 to 89) (90+)
CODI	Gear structures (multiple twine equal top and bottom quadrilateral mesh)  Beam trawl – technical restrictions
CODI	Fixed nets – exceeding 30 per cent cod (mesh size range less than or
CODK	equal to 139 mm)
CODL	Illegal fishing in restricted or closed cod box
CODM	Failure to notify gears for management period
CODN	Failure to notify specific gear for each trip
CODP	Fishing in excess of authorised days
CODQ	Unauthorised gear (carriage or use of)
CODR	Failure to notify entry or exit in cod recovery area
CODT	Landing more than permitted quantity in non-designated ports (greater than 2 tonnes)
CODX	Other cod-related offences
DSSA	Retaining greater than 100 kg deep sea species without a permit
DSSB	Failure to record effort in log book
DSSC	Landing greater than 100 kg deep sea species at non-designated port
DSSF	Prohibition on shark finning
DSSG	Discarding of shark bodies
DSSH	Exceeding theoretical ratio of 5 per cent shark fins
DSSI	Failure to keep records of shark fins
DSSJ	Breach of notification requirement – landing shark fins
ECRA	Landing recovery species into non-designated port
ECRB	Failure to have a stowage plan or inaccurate stowage plan

ECRC	Egilure to stow recovery species separately
	Failure to stow recovery species separately
HKEA	Hake catch exceeding 20 per cent (55 to 99 mm non-beam trawls)
HKEB	Hake catch exceeding 5 per cent (55 to 99 mm beam trawls)
HKEC	Twine thickness
HKED	Exceeding permitted meshes in circumference
HKEE	Illegal headline panel
HKEF	Unauthorised towed gear (carriage or use gear) (hake)
HKEG	Unauthorised fixed gear (carriage or use gear) (hake)
HKEJ	Landing more than permitted quantity in non-designated port (hake)
HKEN	Failure to notify entry or exit into biologically sensitive area
PELA	Landing greater than 10 tonnes of pelagic species at non-designated port
PELB	Failure to give accurate 4 hour notification of landing
PELD	Failure to weigh fish on landing
PELF	Misrecording or under declaration of pelagic species
SOLA	Fishing in excess of authorised days
Categor	y 6: Control offences (including Registered Buyers and Sellers and UK
licence	offences)
DSSK	Breach of licence permit conditions
ECCM	Failure to move fishing area (trigger level exceeded in two hauls)
ECLA	Failure to carry log book
ECLB	Failure to complete log book
ECLC	Failure to complete landing declaration
ECLD	Incorrect or failure to record species – log book (including 10 per cent
	margin of tolerance)
ECLE	Incorrect or failure to record species – landing declaration
ECLF	Incorrect or failure to record catch location
ECLG	Incorrect or failure to record gear type
ECLH	Incorrect gear measurements
ECLJ	Illegal log book change
ECLK	Failure to record transhipment details or submit transhipment declaration
ECLL	Failure to submit a log book or log sheet
ECLM	Failure to submit a landing declaration
ECLN	Late submission of log book
ECLO	Late submission of landing declaration
ECLP	Incorrect or failure to record effort (Western Waters and recovery areas)
ECLQ	Failure to provide sales notes
ECLR	Inaccurate sales notes
ECLS	Late submission of sales notes
ECLT	Inaccurate or failure to provide transport documentation
ECLU	Failure to submit or inaccurate takeover declaration
ECSA	Failure to maintain or have on board a fully operational satellite tracking
	device
ECSB	Failure to provide position reports at required frequency
ECSC	Provision of false information to Fisheries Monitoring Centre
ECSD	Interfering with transmission of satellite position reports
ECSE	Proceeding to sea without authorisation
ECSF	Failure to provide manual position reports when requested
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ECXD	Failure to produce valid EU fishing licence or authorisation
ECXH	Incorrect or failure to send hailing in report
ECXI	Incorrect or failure to give prior notification of arrival into port
ECXK	Transhipping at sea (EU waters)
ECEA	Failure to submit log book data by electronic means
ECEB	Failure to submit log book data by electronic means daily or at specified times
ECEC	Failure to submit landing declaration by electronic means
ECED	Failure to submit landing declaration by electronic means within 24 hours of landing
ECEF	Failure to submit transhipment declaration by electronic means
ECEG	Failure to retain return message
ECEH	Failure to retain elog data until landing declaration submitted
ECEI	Failure to transmit manual fishing reports daily or at specified times
ECEJ	Unauthorised departure from port with non-functioning elog
ECEK	Failure to submit sales note by electronic means
ECEL	Failure to submit sales note by electronic means within 24 hours
ECEM	Failure to submit takeover declaration by electronic means
ECEN	Failure to submit takeover declaration by electronic means within 24 hours
ECEO	Failure to submit prior notification by electronic means
ECEX	Other electronic reporting offences
ECTA	Transhipping recovery species without weighing or control observer
ECTB	Transhipping pelagic recovery species without notification
ECTC	Landing transhipped unweighed pelagic species into non-designated port
ECLX	Log book offences – other
UKCA	Fishing without the authority of a licence
UKCB	Non-carriage of a valid licence
UKCD	Non-carriage of valid registration papers
UKCE	Failure to register a vessel fishing for profit
RBSB	Registered buyer – failure to comply with conditions of registration
RBSC	Registered buyer – failure to keep or produce records
RBSD	Unregistered buyer
RBSE	Buying of fish from unlicensed vessel
RBSG	Registered seller – failure to comply with conditions of registration
RBSH	Registered seller – failure to keep or produce records
RBSI	Unregistered seller
RBSJ	Sale of fish from unlicensed vessel
RBSL	Auction site – failure to comply with conditions of registration
ECPA	Fishing with engine power in excess of licence
ECPB	Use of uncertified engine
ECPC	Failure to provide certification documentation
ECPD	Failure to notify new/replacement or modified engine
UKCF	Offence – licence conditions (such as potting box)
UKCG	Offence – UK quota (including closed fishery to UK vessels)
UKCH	Offence – vessel quota (over quota cases)
UKCL	Offence – Vessel quota (over quota cases)  Offence – licence conditions – designated ports (not recovery species)
UNCL	Onence – licence conditions – designated poins (not recovery species)

UKCM	Licence condition – hake (HKE), megrim (LEZ) or anglerfish (ANF)
UKOX	Offence – other licensing offences
ECXX	Other EC offences – other offences
UKAX	UK legislation – other offences
Category	y 7: Access offences
ECAA	Illegal fishing in British fishery limits – access
ECAB	Illegal fishing within 6 mile limit – designation
ECAC	Illegal fishing within 12 mile limit – designation
ECAD	Illegal fishing within mackerel box (see ECCA)
ECAE	Illegal fishing within herring boxes
ECAF	Illegal fishing within east coast sprat box
ECAG	Illegal fishing in South West herring box (Celtic Sea)
ECAH	Illegal fishing in north of Scotland box
ECAJ	Illegal fishing within Norway pout box
ECAK	Illegal fishing in plaice box
ECAL	Illegal fishing in Irish Sea (Cod Recovery Plan)
ECAN	Illegal fishing in north sea (Cod Recovery Plan)
ECAN ECAO	Contravention of hake recovery measures
ECAD	Illegal fishing in sandeel box Illegal fishing within 12 mile limit by beam trawlers
ECCN	Illegal fishing in real time closure area
UKAA	Closed fishery – scallops
UKAB	Fishing for bass in bass nursery area
ECUA	Unauthorised fishing in Western Waters by Spanish vessels
ECUB	Unauthorised fishing in Western Waters by French vessels
ECUC	Unauthorised fishing in Western Waters by Dutch vessels
ECUD	Unauthorised fishing in Western Waters by Belgian vessels
ECUE	Unauthorised fishing in Western Waters by German vessels
ECUF	Unauthorised fishing in Western Waters by Danish vessels
ECUG	Unauthorised fishing in Western Waters by Swedish vessels
ECUH	Unauthorised fishing in Western Waters by Irish vessels
ECUL	Unlicensed fishing by Faroese vessels
ECUM	Unlicensed fishing by Norwegian vessels
ECUX	Unlicensed fishery – other offences
	y 8: Illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing offences
IUUA	Failure to give prior notification
IUUB	Transhipping in community waters (third country vessel)
IUUC	Failure to obtain a validated catch certificate (imports)
IUUD	Illegal targeting of fish subject to a moratorium or prohibited
IUUE IUUF	Illegal transhipping or operation with IUU vessel
IUUG	Illegal operation or supply or employment of Community listed IUU vessel  Falsification or use of falsified documents
IUUH	Illegal movement of controlled consignment
IUUI	Disclosure of confidential commission information
	y 9: Undersized fish offences (EU, UK, IFCA)
ECFA	Undersize fish – retained or stored or offered for sale
UKFA	Undersized - crabs
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UKFC	Undersized – lobsters
UKFD	Undersized - lobstets  Undersized - scallops
UKFX	Undersized – scallops  Undersized – other UK undersize fish offences
CWCA	Undersized fish (byelaw)
DSCA	Undersized fish (byelaw)
EACA	Undersized fish (byelaw)
	. , ,
KECB	Undersized fish (byelaw) Undersized fish (byelaw)
NECA NWCB	( )
	Undersized fish (byelaw)
SCCA	Undersized fish (byelaw)
SHCB	Undersized fish (byelaw)
SUCA	Undersize fish (byelaw)
IFCA IFCG	Undersize fish (regulated or several or hybrid order)
	Undersize fish (emergency byelaw)
Category	
CWAA	Illegal trawling by vessel (exceeded length or kilowatts)
CWAB	Trawling in prohibited area
CWAC	Illegal use of purse seines and ring nets by vessel (exceeded length)
CWAD	Illegal fishing for shellfish (exceeded length)
CWAE	Illegal fishing (gillnets) in temporary closed area
CWAF	Illegal scallop dredging during specified times (1900 to 0700)
DSAA	Illegal fishing (time/month)/ trawlers exceeding daily catch rate
DSAB	Illegal trawling in start bay
DSAC	Illegal use of trawl/trammel net within restricted area
DSAD	Illegal fishing in temporary closed area (shellfish)
DSAE	Illegal fishing in river exe
DSAF	Illegal spearfishing in Lundy Marine Conservation Zone
DSAG	Illegal fishing (trawling or nets) in Lundy Marine Conservation Zone
DSAH	Illegal use of pots or traps in Lundy Marine Conservation Zone
DSAI	Illegal use of fixed engine (prohibited area)
DSAJ	Illegal fishing (excess vessel size)
DSAK	Illegal netting (Tamar, Plym, Yealm)
DSAL	Illegal scallop dredging in Salcombe Estuary
DSAM	Illegal mussel dredging in Dart Estuary
DSAN	Removal of seafish from Lundy no take zone
DSAO	Illegal netting in River Exe
EAAA	Illegal removal or disturbance of shellfish during temporary closure
EAAB	Illegal trawling within 3 mile limit
EAAC	Illegal inland fixed engine
EAAD	Illegal fishing with towed gear for bivalve molluscs
KEAA	Illegal fishing within 6 mile limit (size or power)
KEAB	Illegal vessel size (length or beam)
KEAC	Illegal fishing in closed bivalve bed
KEAD	Illegal fishing in closed cockle bed
KEAE	Illegal fishing in temporary shellfish closed area
KEAF	Illegal fishing in specified areas during closed period
KEAG	Removal of herring after fishery closed

KEAH	Illegal fishing in bass nursery area
NEAA	Illegal trawling within 6 mile limit or 3 to 6 mile limit (size or power)
NEAB	Illegal dredging during closed season/dredging within 3 mile limit
NEAC	Illegal fishing in temporary shellfish closed area
NEAD	Illegal cockle fishing during closed season or temporary closure
NEAE	Illegal use of fixed engine (specified area)
NEAF	Removal of seafish from Flamborough no take zone
NHAA	Illegal trawling (vessel size)
NHAB	Illegal use of purse seine or ring net or encircling net
NHAC	Illegal pair trawling
NHAD	Illegal fixed engine (specified area or times)
NHAE	Illegal dredging – number of dredges
NWAA	Illegal fishing in specified areas (vessel size or greater than 221 kilowatts)
NWAB	Illegal fixed engine or beach seine or drift net (specified areas or periods)
NWAC	Illegal use of multiple trawls
NWAD	Use of illegal towed gear (plaice)
NWAE	Illegal fishing with bottom towed gear
NWAF	Illegal use of seine nets
NWAG	Illegal mobile net (specified areas)
NWAH	Illegal fishing for winkles (other than by hand picking)
NWAI	Illegal fishing (mussels or cockles) (temporary or seasonal closure)
NWAJ	Illegal fishing during temporary closure (shellfish)
NWAK	Illegal fishing for mussels (south of Penmaen-Bach point)
SCAA	Illegal fishing (dredges)
SCAB	Illegal fishing (vessel tonnage or size)
SHAA	Illegal trawling (mechanically powered)
SHAB	Illegal fishing by vessel over 12 metres
SHAC	Use of unregistered vessel
SHAD	Illegal shellfish dredging during specified times (1600 to 0800)
SHAE	Illegal scallop dredging (numbers of dredges or specified time 1900 to 0700)
SHAF	Illegal fishing for cockles during closed season
SHAG	Illegal fishing for oysters during closed season (March to October)
SHAH	Illegal fishing in shellfish temporary closed area
SHAI	Illegal fixed engines (specified areas or times)
SUAA	Illegal removal of periwinkles during closed season (15 May to 15
	September)
SUAB	Illegal removal of oysters during closed season (1 Nay to 31 October)
SUAC	Illegal use of fixed engine (prohibited area 1 May to 30 September)
SUAD	Illegal fishing (excess vessel size)
SUAE	Illegal trawling (1 May to 31 October)
SUAF	Illegal dredging (1 June to 31 October, within 3 mile limit)
IFCB	Illegal fishing or dredging (regulated or several or hybrid order)
IFCC	Use of unlicensed vessel (regulated or several or hybrid order)
IFCH	Illegal fishing or access (emergency byelaw)
Category	
CWCB	Removal of v-notched or mutilated lobster

CWCC	Removal of crawfish parts
CWCD	Removal of berried lobster or crawfish
CWCF	Removal of crab parts or exceeding 30 kg permitted netting by-catch
CWCF	
DSCB	Removal of parts of escallops  Removal of crab parts
	'
DSCC	Removal of shore crab
DSCD	Removal of berried and/or undersize lobster
DSCE	Removal of v-notched or mutilated lobster
DSCH	Failure to re-deposit shellfish
EACB	Use of edible crab as bait
EACC	Removal of soft-shelled or berried crab or lobster
EACD	Removal of crab and lobster parts
EACE	Failure to re-deposit shellfish
EACF	Removal of whitefooted crab
EACG	Removal of tope or part(s)
KECA	Removal of berried lobster
KECB	Removal of undersize mussels or collection of mussel seed without consent
KECC	Exceeding mussel maximum quantity limitation
KECE	Exceeding cockle maximum quantity limitation or failure to store correctly
KECG	Removal of oyster cultch
KECH	Illegal fishing for winkles (other than by hand picking)
KECI	Failure to re-deposit shellfish
NECB	Exceeding daily catch limit for cockles or removal of undersize cockles
NECC	Removal of v-notched or mutilated lobster
NECD	Removal of lobster parts
NECE	Removal of crab parts or exceeding 10 per cent permitted netting by- catch
NECF	Use of edible crab as bait
NECG	Failure to re-deposit shellfish
NECH	Removal of tope or part(s)
NHCA	Removal of v-notched or mutilated lobster
NHCB	Removal of soft-shelled or berried crab or lobster
NHCD	Removal of crab, velvet crab or lobster parts
NHCE	Use of edible crab as bait
NHCF	Failure to re-deposit shellfish
NWCA	Exceeding 1 tonne cockles or maximum 3 crew
NWCC	Failure to re-deposit shellfish
NWCD	Failure to riddle or return immature fish
NWCE	Removal of v-notched or mutilated lobster
NWCF	Removal of berried lobsters
SHCA	Removal of prawns from closed fishery (Poole Harbour)
SHCC	Failure to return cockle siftings evenly
SHCD	Removal of periwinkles from closed fishery
SHCE	Removal of oyster cultch
SHCF	Carriage of oysters
SHCG	Carriage of clams
31100	Camago of Ciarris

SHCH	Failure to re-deposit shellfish
SHCI	Removal of berried lobsters
SUCB	Illegal removal of oyster cultch or other materials
SUCC	Removal of more than 200 scallops in 24 hours (trawling)
SUCD	Failure to re-deposit shellfish
IFCD	Illegal removal of cultch, spat or other material (regulated or several or
	hybrid order)
IFCF	Exceeding maximum catch limit (regulated or several or hybrid order)
IFCJ	Exceeding maximum catch limit (emergency byelaw)
IFCK	Illegal removal of cultch, spat or other material (emergency byelaw)
Category	12: IFCA technical conservation (gear) offences
CWGA	Use of illegal scallop dredge
CWGC	Illegal use of fixed engine (prohibited area, depth, time of year)
CWGD	Use of mesh less than 250 mm in specified areas
DSGA	Use of illegal scallop dredge
DSGB	Fixed engine mesh size (greater than 71 mm, 90 to 93 mm), set depth
DSGC	Illegal pots for crustacea (escape gap)
EAGA	Use of illegal or unapproved gear in mollusc fishery
KEGA	Illegal oyster dredge
KEGB	Illegal bivalve mollusc dredge
KEGC	Illegal mussel dredge
KEGD	Illegal cockle dredge
KEGE	Illegal cockle gear (riddle)
KEGF	Use of unapproved cockle fishing instrument
KEGG	Illegal parlour pots (escape gap)
KEGH	Failure to mark pots and traps
KEGI	Illegal fixed engines
KEGJ	Exceeded fixed net soak time
KEGK	Failure to mark gear
KEGL	Illegal fishing using undersize gear (drift or trawl)
KEGM	Illegal demersal trawl
NEGA	Failure to clear trawl nets every 3 hours
NEGB	Failure to clear push net every 30 minutes
NEGC	Failure to clear shrimp and prawn nets every hour
NEGD	Illegal use of seine nets within 3 mile limit
NEGE	Illegal scallop dredge
NEGF	Illegal cockle fishing instrument
NEGG	Illegal or unmarked fixed engine
NHGA	Illegal fixed engine (authorisation/placement)
NHGB	Illegal dredge
NHGC	Failure to mark gear
NHGD	Illegal multi-rig trawling
NHGE	Exceeding permitted number of pots or gear hauling
NWGA	Illegal fixed engine (specified construction or conditions of use)
NWGB	Illegal or non-approved fishing gear (bivalve molluscs)
NWGC	Illegal otter trawl or beam trawl (prawns or shrimps)
NWGD	Use of illegal mesh size (trawl)

NWGF	Illegal mesh size (nets other than trawls in byelaw 4)
NWGG	Illegal mesh size (small mesh nets)
NWGH	Foul hooking
NWGI	Illegal pots or trap or creel (escape gap)
NWGJ	Failure to mark gear
NWGK	Illegal or unmarked gear (other than set and drift nets)
NWGL	Illegal or unmarked set and drift nets
NWGN	Illegal attachment
SHGA	Illegal cockle fishing instrument
SHGB	Illegal method of removal – periwinkles
SHGC	Illegal oyster dredge
SHGD	Illegal scallop dredge
SHGE	Illegal dredge or fishing method (oysters, clams, mussels)
SHGF	Illegally placed stake or stop net (Langstone Harbour)
SHGG	Foul hooking (mullet or bass)
SHGH	Illegal use of electric current
SHGI	Carriage of shellfish dredge, scoop or handrake (Poole)
SUGA	Illegal suction dredging for oysters
SUGB	Illegal use of fixed engine (headline depth)
SUGC	Illegal fishing (non-specified method)
SUGD	Excess number of pots or failure to mark gear
IFCE	Use or carriage of illegal gear (regulated or several or hybrid order)
IFCI	Use or carriage of illegal gear (emergency byelaw)
Category	y 13: IFCA permit offences
CWPA	Fishing for lobster, crawfish or crab without a permit.
DSPA	Use of fixed engine without a permit
EAPA	Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation
EAPB	Failure to provide shellfish fishing activity data
KEPA	Fishing for cockles without a permit or conditions of permit
NEPA	Fishing for lobster, crab, velvet crab, whelk without a permit
NEPB	
	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit
NEPC	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited
	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit
NEPC	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit  Fishing for cockles without a permit or conditions of permit  Use of fixed engine without a permit or failure to comply with permit
NEPC NEPD	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit  Fishing for cockles without a permit or conditions of permit  Use of fixed engine without a permit or failure to comply with permit conditions
NEPC NEPD NEPE	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit  Fishing for cockles without a permit or conditions of permit  Use of fixed engine without a permit or failure to comply with permit conditions  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation
NEPC NEPD NEPE NHPA	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit  Fishing for cockles without a permit or conditions of permit  Use of fixed engine without a permit or failure to comply with permit conditions  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit
NEPC NEPD NEPE NHPA NHPB	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit  Fishing for cockles without a permit or conditions of permit  Use of fixed engine without a permit or failure to comply with permit conditions  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit (fixed engine)
NEPC NEPD NEPE NHPA NHPB NWPA	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit  Fishing for cockles without a permit or conditions of permit  Use of fixed engine without a permit or failure to comply with permit conditions  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit
NEPC NEPD  NEPE NHPA NHPB NWPA NWPB	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit  Fishing for cockles without a permit or conditions of permit  Use of fixed engine without a permit or failure to comply with permit conditions  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit (fixed engine)  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit
NEPC NEPD NEPE NHPA NHPB NWPA NWPB	Failure to comply with conditions of shellfish entitlement or limited shellfish permit  Fishing for cockles without a permit or conditions of permit  Use of fixed engine without a permit or failure to comply with permit conditions  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit  Retention for scientific purposes without authorisation  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit (fixed engine)  Fishing without a permit or failure to comply with conditions of permit (mobile gear)

# **Appendix 3: Payment methods**

#### Drafts

Drafts (sterling currency only) should be made payable to "Cornwall IFCA", marked on the reverse with the reference number from the penalty notice, and sent to:

Cornwall IFCA
Chi Gallos
Hayle Marine Renewables Business Park
North Quay
Hayle
Cornwall TR27 4DD

Payment must be **received** before the end of the 28 day period beginning with the date on which the notice was issued.

#### Electronic transfer

Transfers should note the reference number from the penalty notice, and should be directed as follows:

Amount in Sterling: £

Bank sort code: 60-21-37 Account number: 57224870

For credit of: CC-sea fisheries Reference number: PFV / CIFCA / /

Address: Nat West, 2-4 Nicholas Street, Truro TR1 2RN

Payment must be **in our account** before the end of the 28 day period beginning with the date on which the notice was issued.