

Annual Strategic Plan

April 2023 to March 2024





Pia Bateman Chief Executive Officer Southern Inshore Fisheries and Conservation Authority Approved 16th March 2023



SECTION 1: Introduction

Strategic Plan

Inshore Fisheries and Conservation Authority's (IFCAs) were created under Section 150 of the Marine and Coastal Access Act, 2009¹ (MaCAA), as designated statutory inshore regulators for the marine environment. Southern IFCA have clearly defined duties to manage sustainable fisheries and conserve the wider marine environment within the coastal waters of Hampshire, Dorset and the Isle of Wight.

Under Section (177) of the MaCAA, Southern IFCA are required to make and publish a plan setting out the Authority's main objectives and priorities for the year ahead.

In order to deliver a strategic plan and fulfill Southern IFCA's function as a competent inshore regulator for the marine environment, we recognise the need to align our work to a strategic direction. With many competing and evolving objectives, it is important that we maintain a considered overview in our delivery. This proactive way of working, with the recognition of the need to maintain a capacity for reactive and emerging work and oncoming challenges, will provide a template for Southern IFCA and our stakeholders moving forward through 2023 and beyond.

The strategic direction, as presented in this paper, will enable the Southern IFCA to be more transparent with our community, stakeholders and delivery partners, through anticipation of shared goals and objectives and seek to encourage joint working initiative and projects.

This plan sets out Southern IFCA's strategic direction for the period 1st April 2023 to the 31st March 2024.

Wider Context

The Strategic Plan demonstrates how Southern IFCA will continue to shape inshore fisheries and conservation management in accordance with our statutory functions, and in doing so support the UK's Governments vision for '*clean, healthy, safe, productive and biologically diverse oceans and seas*' in accordance with the **UK Marine Policy Statement**².

Further, it will demonstrate how Southern IFCA's work aligns with the Government's shared ambition under the **Joint Fisheries Statement**³ (JFS) '...to continue delivering world class, sustainable management...' for sea fisheries, recreational sea fishing and aquaculture, in accordance with achieving, or contributing to the achievement of the eight fisheries objectives, set out in the Fisheries Act 2020⁴.

The Marine Strategy Regulations 2010⁵ require fishery bodies in the UK to take action to

¹ <u>https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2009/23/contents</u>

² <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/uk-marine-policy-statement</u>

³ <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/joint-fisheries-statement-jfs</u>

⁴ https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2020/22/contents/enacted

⁵ https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2010/1627/contents/made



achieve or maintain Good Environmental Status (GES) in all UK waters. **The UK Marine Strategy**⁶ is a key pillar of marine policy in the UK and the JFS is a cross cutting measure which will help to deliver GES for fisheries⁷.

In accordance with the Government's **Environmental Improvement Plan 2023**⁸ (EIP), which builds upon the **25 Year Environment Plan**⁹ (**25YEP**) and key legislative frameworks, to include the **Environment Act 2021**¹⁰ and the Fisheries Act 2020, Southern IFCA will endeavour to evidence our role in the collective delivery of the Government's vision, to '...*help the natural world regain and retain good health...*', following the commitment to '...*leave the environment in a better state for future generations...*' and '...*halt the decline of nature by 2030...*'

External Landscapes

The impact of coronavirus and the subsequent restrictions introduced by the UK Government had a direct impact on the delivery of both the 2020-2021 and 2021-2022 Annual Plans¹¹. However, as demonstrated in the subsequent Annual Reports¹² (2020-2021 and 2021-2022), Southern IFCA continued to adapt to the changing external landscapes in order to best achieve its duties and responsibilities. It is unlikely that the pandemic will continue to have a direct impact on Southern IFCA's functionality moving forward, however, the legacy may continue to be felt as we continue to rebuild the areas of work which were impacted most.

As with previous years where our delivery timetables have been impacted by unforeseen external events, we anticipate that our work over the forthcoming year will continue to be shaped by external political landscapes and economies. During these uncertain times, Southern IFCA commit to maintain full transparency with its community and stakeholders in order to account for any variations in delivery and operation. Southern IFCA appreciates the support that the community has provided over recent years and we will continue to strive to fulfill our legislative duties in the forthcoming year and beyond.

National IFCA: Core Values

The IFCA Vision, High Level Objectives and Success Criteria

Together, the National IFCA Vision, High Level Objectives and Success Criteria set out the intentions of IFCA's to sustainably manage inshore fisheries and conservation.

" Inshore Fisheries and Conservation Authorities will lead, champion and manage a sustainable marine environment and inshore fisheries, by successfully securing the right balance between social, environmental and economic benefits to ensure healthy seas, sustainable fisheries and a viable industry "

⁶ <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/marine-strategy-part-one-uk-updated-assessment-and-good-environmental-status</u>

⁷ <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/joint-fisheries-statement-ifs</u> (page 11)

⁸ Environmental Improvement Plan (publishing.service.gov.uk)

⁹ <u>25 Year Environment Plan - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>

¹⁰ Environment Act 2021 (legislation.gov.uk)

¹¹ https://www.southern-ifca.gov.uk/authority-reports

¹² <u>https://www.southern-ifca.gov.uk/authority-reports</u>



IFCA High Level Objectives	IFCA Success Criteria
Achieving a sustainable marine economy	IFCAs are recognised and heard, balancing the economic needs of the fishery whilst working in partnership and engaging with stakeholders.
Ensuring a strong, healthy and just society	IFCAs implement a fair, effective and proportionate enforcement regime.
Using sound science responsibly	IFCAs use evidence based and appropriate measures to manage the sustainable exploitation of sea fisheries resources and deliver marine environmental protection within their districts.
Living within environmental limits	IFCAs have appropriate governance in place and staff are trained and professional.
Promoting good governance	IFCAs make the use of evidence to deliver their objectives

National IFCA: Core Functions

Southern IFCA have clearly defined duties under Section (153) and (154) of the Marine and Coastal Access Act (2009) to ensure that the marine environment within the district is conserved and maintained in a viable state.

National IFCA: Other Duties

Under the **Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019**, Southern IFCA must ensure that fishing activity does not damage, disturb or have an adverse effect on the wildlife or habitats for which a Special Area of Conservation (SAC) or Special Protection Area (SPA) within the national site network is legally protected.

In accordance with **The Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981**, when carrying out our duties, Southern IFCA must consider any marine component of a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), which provides protection to species, and/or habitat of national importance.

National IFCA: Supporting Government Vision

The Fisheries Act (2020) was introduced to make provisions in relation to fisheries, fishing, aquaculture and marine conservation following the departure of the UK from Europe. The Act enshrines in law the UK's commitment to sustainable fishing, supporting future generations of fishers, while allowing the marine environment to thrive. It provides a legally binding structure to protect and recover stocks, support a sustainable fishing industry and safeguard the environment. In accordance with the JFS, IFCAs are required to have regard to the Fisheries Act (2020), the JFS and Fisheries Management Plans (FMP), where required by guidance issued by the Secretary of State, or when undertaking a relevant function as delegated by the Marine Management Organisation.

The Environment Act (2021) sets clear statutory targets for the recovery of the natural world in four priority areas: air quality, biodiversity, waste and water, and includes a target to reverse the decline in species abundance by 2030. The Act designated the 25YEP as the first statutory Environmental Improvement Plan (EIP), and IFCAs, as Arm's Length Bodies (ALB) to Defra, play a crucial role in the delivery of the EIP.



Southern IFCA: Core Principles

With the overarching context provided by legislative function, policy principles and Defra's best practice guidance, Southern IFCA will embed the following Core Principles in the delivery of our work at all stages, drawing all the components together to drive the collective delivery of the UK Government's vision.

Undertake compliance and enforcement functions in accordance with legislative requirements, overarching policy principles and Codes of Conduct, namely:

- Work in Partnership
- Collaborate with other fisheries enforcement bodies
- Take a risk based approach to compliance as informed by an intelligence led model
- Undertake inspections in accordance with a national standard
- Seek to achieve compliance through engagement, understanding and advice
- Undertake regulation in accordance with the Regulators Code, the functions of which are specified in The Legislative and Regulatory Reform (Regulatory Functions) Order 2007.
- Work in accordance with the Southern IFCA Compliance and Enforcement Framework, FAP Guidelines and the Code for Crown Prosecutors.

Ensure that fishing activity does not damage, disturb or have an adverse effect on the wildlife or habitats for which a SAC or SPA is legally protected.

Have regard to the Fisheries Act 2020 (to include the 8 Fisheries Objectives), The Joint Fisheries Statement and Fisheries Management Plans when carrying out our functions.

In areas of the district which are outside any Marine Protected Area (collectively MCZ, SPA, SAC), we will ensure that:

- Fishing is carried out sustainably
- We balance the social and economic benefits of fishing with the need to protect the marine environment. and promote its recovery from the effects of fishing.
- We contribute to sustainable development.
- We balance the different needs of persons engaged in fishing.

Southern



FurthertheConservationObjectives of Marine ConservationZones (MCZs) within the District.

When undertaking our duties, consider any Site of Scientific Interest (SSSI) with marine components, which provide protection to species and/or habitats of national importance.

Manage the inshore marine environment in accordance with Defra Policy Guidance and overarching policy principles, namely:

- The use of best available evidence
- Where appropriate and within legislative remit, undertake a risk-based approach to assess the potential risks that fishing activity may present to the marine environment, providing an evidence base for prioritising the development of management measures, which will enable delivery of duties in an evidence based, strategic and proportionate way.
- The use of the Precautionary Principle in the absence of evidence
- Transparent decision making
- Partnership working
- Collaboration between fisheries enforcement bodies

Align our delivery to the Environment Improvement Plan (2023), with specific consideration of targets relating to MPAs, Marine Spatial Prioritisation, Net Zero/blue carbon habitats, VMS and Catch App and marine heritage.



SECTION 2: Resources

The Membership

Elected Members				
Cllr Mr. M Roberts	Dorset Council (Chairman of Authority)			
Pending	Hampshire County Council			
Cllr Mr. R Hughes	Dorset Council			
Cllr Mr. P Miles	BCP Council			
Cllr Mr. R Rocca	BCP Council			
Cllr Mr. D Furnelll	Southampton City Council			
Cllr Mrs. D Curnow-Ford	Hampshire County Council			
Cllr Mr. M Winnington	Portsmouth City Council			
Clir Mr. P Fuller	Isle of Wight Council			

Mr P Rudd	Environment Agency
Dr R Morgan/Mr J McClelland	Natural England
Ms R Irish	Marine Management Organisation

General Members (appointed by the Marine Management Organisation

Dr. A Jensen (Chairman of the TAC)	Marine Environment/Academic Sector
Mr. R Stride (Vice Chairman of the TAC)	Commercial Fishing Sector
Dr. S Cripps	Marine Environment/Conservation Sector
Mr. C Francis	Recreational Sea Angling Sector
Mr. T Legg	Commercial Fishing Sector
Ms. L MacCallum	Marine Environment/Conservation Sector
Mr. G Wordsworth	Aquaculture Sector
Mr. N Hornby	Fisheries Science and Policy Sector
Vacancy	Recreational Sea Angling Sector

Co-option

A Co-opted person is someone who has passed the Marine Management Organisation's (MMO) General Member Recruitment process and resides on the MMO merit list and has been invited to Committee Meetings to contribute specific experience and knowledge pertinent to discussions, at the discretion of the Chairman. In accordance with this function a Co-opted person is required to



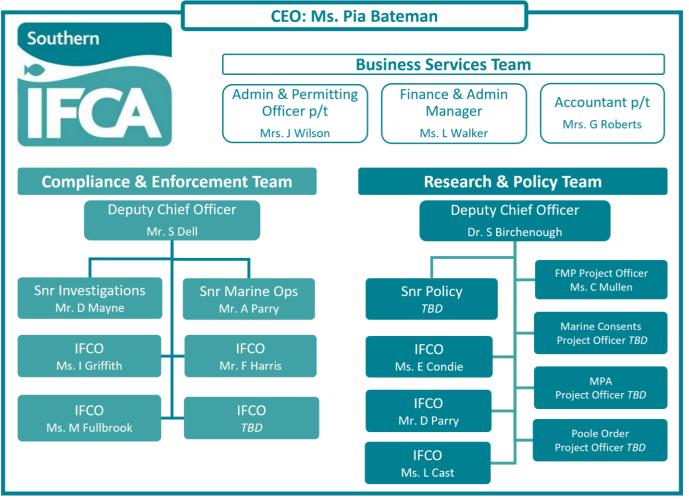
declare any interests, as required under the Southern IFCA Code of Conduct for Non-Elected Members. In accordance with Southern IFCA's Standing Orders, a Co-opted person is not able to vote on any matter.

Co-opted Persons		
Ms E Bussey-Jones	Marine Environment/Other	
Mr S Matthews	Commercial Fishing Sector	

The Team

The Southern IFCA Team is led by Chief Executive Officer Ms. Pia Bateman who oversees the Business Service Team (BST), the Compliance and Enforcement Team (CET) and the Research and Policy Team (RPT).







The Budget: Financial Year 2023-2024

The Southern IFCA (Amendment) Order 2010 states that the relevant Councils must defray the expenses incurred by Southern IFCA. Dorset Council, Hampshire County Council, Isle of Wight Council and the BCP Council receive a grant from central government (via the New Burdens Doctrine¹³) of £329,425.

For the financial year April 2023 to March 2024 the constituent authorities were levied a sum of £813,091, divided in accordance with a prescribed formula. Due to the current economic climate and pressures facing the constituent councils, it was agreed at the December 2022 Authority Meeting that levy contributions for the financial year 2023-2024 would match those received in the previous financial year (2022-2023).

	Formula (%)	April 2023- March 2024			
Constituent Council		Levy (£)	Government Grant (£)	Total Contribution (£)	
Hampshire County Council	40.40	124,845	203,644	328,489	
Dorset Council	24.79	101,752	99,785	201,537	
Isle of Wight Council	14.35	103,015	13,663	116,678	
BCP Council	11.14	78,274	12,333	90,607	
Portsmouth City Council	5.02	40,817	0	40,817	
Southampton City Council	4.30	34,963	0	34,963	
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS		483,666	329,425	813,091	

Expenditure Summary	April 2023- March 2024		
Business Services	£892,405		
Compliance and Enforcement	£162,607		
Research and Policy	£31,384		
Capital Equipment	£120,685		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	£1,207,081		

TOTAL INCOME	£1,175,441
INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE	£-31,640
Post- inflationary projections at 7.4%	£-49,600

¹³ <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/new-burdens-doctrine-guidance-for-government-departments</u>



SECTION 3: 2023-2024 Horizon Planning

The Horizon Goals identified in this section will be translated into clear, outcome-focused Delivery Priorities under the Research and Policy Plan 2023-2024 and the Compliance and Enforcement Plan 2023-2024. These Delivery Priorities will be broken down into 3-month phases, where possible, in order to provide transparency in timelines. The Horizon Goals demonstrate where Southern IFCA consider their work for the forthcoming year aligns with:

- Delivery of IFCA High Level Objectives via IFCA Success Criteria
- the eight Fisheries Objectives (Fisheries Act 2020) •
- the delivery of the Environment Improvement Plan 2023 (Environment Act 2021) •
- supporting Defra's delivery of the Fisheries Act •
- the UK Net Zero Strategy, via identification and instigation of changes in operations, in • order to minimise and reduce emissions.

The following graphics will be used to demonstrate this alignment both in this strategy and in the respective team plans:

IFCA Success Criteria	No.	Fisheries Obj	ectives		
IFCAs are recognised and heard, balancing the economic needs of the fishery whilst working in partnership and engaging with stakeholders.	1	Sustainability			
IFCAs implement a fair, effective and proportionate enforcement		Precautionary	2		
regime.	2	Ecosystem	3		
IFCAs use evidence based and appropriate measures to manage the sustainable exploitation of sea fisheries resources and deliver marine environmental protection within their districts.	3	Scientific Evide			
IFCAs have appropriate governance in place and staff are trained and professional.	4	Bycatch Equal Access	5		
IFCAs make the use of evidence to deliver their objectives	5		6		
		National Benef	^{it} 7		
UK Net Zero Strategy		Climate Change	• 8		
Supporting Defra in delivery of Fisheries Act Objectives	MPAs	Mar Cons	ine sents		
Environment Improvement Plan (EIP) 2023					
 Goal 1: Thriving plants and wildlife For 70% of designated features in MPAs to be in favourable condition by 2042 with the remainder in recovering condition, with a new interim target of 48% of designated features to be in favourable condition by 31 January 2028. To achieve interim target: management measures to be in place across all MPAs by 2024. Marine Spatial Prioritisation Programme delivery (via FMPs, Marine Plans and Marine Consents). Achieving Net Zero via harnessing of blue carbon habitats (saltmarsh and seagrass). Implementation of VMS and Catch App across the inshore fleet 					
 condition by 31 January 2028. To achieve interim target: manageme MPAs by 2024. Marine Spatial Prioritisation Programme delivery (via FMPs, Marine F Achieving Net Zero via harnessing of blue carbon habitats (saltmarsh 	ent measu lans and N	res to be in plac Marine Consents	favourable e across all		
 condition by 31 January 2028. To achieve interim target: manageme MPAs by 2024. Marine Spatial Prioritisation Programme delivery (via FMPs, Marine F Achieving Net Zero via harnessing of blue carbon habitats (saltmarsh 	ent measu lans and N	res to be in plac Marine Consents	favourable e across all		
 condition by 31 January 2028. To achieve interim target: manageme MPAs by 2024. Marine Spatial Prioritisation Programme delivery (via FMPs, Marine F Achieving Net Zero via harnessing of blue carbon habitats (saltmarsh Implementation of VMS and Catch App across the inshore fleet Goal 6: Using resources from nature sustainably	nt measu lans and I and seagr	res to be in plac Marine Consents ass).	favourable e across all		



Business Services Horizon Goals

	What		(Current Status	Benefits	
Permit Database	An online platform which will administer a permitting function for Southern IFCA permit fisheries. Why Adjusting to additional administration of c.230 permits and issuing of gear tags direct with end user.		its t	Manual issuing of c.85 permits annually under the SDPB and PHDP Byelaws, in addition to c.369 'Fishing for Sale' permits every two years (on a rolling cycle).	function as processing • Associated and finance • Provide use fishers wor fisheries, re burden.	n administration sociated with manual cost savings (tasking e) er friendly platform for king in permitted educing paperwork ca downloads for
Ξ	Key As	sumption	١	Who	Overarching	Objectives
Per	the Sec Succes	ation of the PFB and N cretary of State s Criteria	E F	DCO Compliance & Enforcement and Administration & Permitting Officer		
	Permit fisheries to be automated in starting September 2023.					
2	S What Be		Benefit	ts	Success Criteria	
ance System	accounting software system.		functi	nistration on to allow for	Transition to new software to be active and operational by March 2024	
S	Why	Why in		cation of tasking	Who	
nce	To align budget with operational function		• To fac accou	ilitate remote ntancy provision. nuation of online	Finance and Administration Manager & Accountant	
Ja		rent system continuing support	suppo		Overarching Objectives	
		vices from August	• Cost savings			4
		What & Why		Benefits		Success Criteria
Governance	Review	 Internal review of process and policy To analyse and interpret current performance against best practice to identify possible improvements Ensure compliance with relevant regulations 		 Identify are improveme To maximis performance efficiency Retention of Ability to de statutory fut Business retention 	nt e ce and of staff eliver inctions	 Implementation of change following report on findings by March 2024
U		Overarching Objecti	ves	Who	Who	
	4		CEO, Finance Accountant		ınd Administrati	ion Manager &



Compliance and Enforcement Horizon Goals

c	What	Status	Success Criteria	
abii	Transition in operational delivery with introduction of new marine asset.	Procurement process complete December	 Operational deployment of vessel by end of March 2024 Operational Policy updates, health &safety and training in place pre- deployment. 	
Introduction of Cabin RHIB	 Why To deliver functions in accordance with MaCAA, whilst ensuring capability to deliver work in accordance with the Fisheries Act To provide a joint regulatory platform for partner organisations To deliver any future contracts beyond 	2022. Boat building tender awarded December 2022 to a UK company.		
õ	 Increase compliance and enforcement 	Who	Further Details	
Int		DCO Compliance & Enforcement and Senior IFCO Marine Operations.	Compliance and Enforcement Team Plan 2023- 2024	
Overarchin	g Objectives		Key Assumption	
1		Co d	Completion of boat build in accordance with T&Cs.	

ຍ ເມ	What	Current Status	Success Criteria	
t Fishin	A Byelaw which introduces Net Prohibition areas, Net Restriction Areas (seasonal/gear restrictions), Net Permit Areas (flexible permit conditions) and gear marking across the district.	NFB submitted to MMO Byelaw Team 11 March 2022 for quality assurance prior to ratification by	Delivery of Implementation plans to include Communication Strategy following	
B C	Why		ratification in order	
n of N v (NFI	 To facilitate compliance with measures relevant to commercial and recreational net fishers. To support a change in management of net 	the Secretary of State.	to support stakeholders.	
la <	fisheries across the district.	Who	Further Details	
ntati 3yela	Key Assumption	DCO Compliance & Enforcement	Compliance and Enforcement Team	
emen B	Ratification of the NFB by the Secretary of State.		Plan 2023-2024	
e	Overarching Objectives			
lmp	12313	1231357		



ISUILIG DYEIAW (PLD)	What	Status	Success Criteria	
	A Byelaw which introduces Commercial Potting Permits and Recreational Potting Permits, pot markings and prohibition of removal of berried crab.	PFB submitted to MMODelivery ofByelaw Team 13 Oct.Implementation2022 for qualityplans to includeassurance prior toCommunication		
	Why	ratification by the Secretary of State.	Strategy following ratification in order	
	 To facilitate compliance with measures relevant to commercial and recreational pot fishers. To support a change in management of pot fisheries across the district. 		to support stakeholders.	
		Who	Further Details	
		DCO Compliance &	Compliance and Enforcement Team	
	Key Assumption	Enforcement		
	Ratification of the PFB by the Secretary	Overarching Objectives		
	of State.		357	



Research and Policy Horizon Goals

Minimum	Conservation	Reference Size Review
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What and Why	Status	Success Criteria	
To consider existing MCRS limits which are currently applicable across the District, and whether there is a need to introduce MCRSs for additional species in the district.	Stage 1: Evidence Gathering	Progression of Byelaw through Management Intervention Process.	
	Who	Further Details	
Key Assumption	DCO Research & Policy	Research and Policy Team Plan 2023- 2024	
Authority approval at each stage of Byelaw development.			

Overarching Objectives

1 3 5 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 🏂

ب	What		How	Status
Supporting Defra's Delivery of Fisheries Act Objectives	 Fisheries Management Plans: Relevant to the Lobster, Whelk, Bass, Scallop, Non Quota S Southern North Sea an Eastern Channel Mixed F runner FMPs, Southern IFCA will; Support planning/preparation phase (on going Support publication phase – review and evaluation c. April 2023) Log requests and feedback concerns (on going search and feedback c	Species and Flatfish Front g) ate (to begin	Recruit Project Officer + existing resource	Funding received, re offer to candidate J 2023
	<u>MPA Programme</u> : To conclude the implement appropriate management measures for MPA (BTFG, Shore gathering and Black Bream), strategic blocks to delivery and establishing around the delivery of these plans.	As by 2024 identifying		Awaiting funding
	 Marine Consents: To engage with the Marine Spatial I Programme via scenario testing, stakeholder and data and evidence (impacts of co-loor relating to fishing, aquaculture, marine li MPAs). To contribute to the development of 2nd Marine Plans, via data and evidence, engagement and policy development. (2nd S due July 2024). Contribution of delivery of Aquaculture and Strategy. Contribution of delivery of Angling Strategy. 	engagement cation work icenses and generation stakeholder outh Report		Awaiting funding
	Overarching Objectives	Success Crite	eria	Who
Sup	🖄 🐼 🗘 🎇 🏷	Delivery of p with Defra re		DCO Research & Policy



	What and Why	Status	Success Criteria	
	(1) To introduce management measures for T3 MCZs and additional features for T1&T2 MCZs ensuring that the Conservation Objectives of any feature within an MCZ are furthered.	Bottom Towed Fishing Gear Review: Phase 1, Stage 3: Draft Byelaw	Stage 5: Submission of BTFG Byelaw to MMO Byelaw Team by March 2024.	
	 (2) Incorporate an update to existing management within district-wide MPAs (SPAs, SACs) based on the best available spatial evidence of feature presence/extent, as provided by NE, to ensure that there is no damage, disturbance or adverse impact caused by fishing activity on the features subject to protection. (3) Incorporate a scheduled review of the existing Prohibition of Gathering (Sea Fisheries Resources) in Seagrass Beds Byelaw and the Bottom Towed Fishing Gear Byelaw 2016, as well as consideration of relevant legacy byelaws, where the existing management footprint falls within MPAs. 	Shore Gathering Review: Stage 1: Evidence Gathering	Progression of Review to Stage 4: Draft Byelaw by March 2024.	
		Pending receipt of data from Natural England following outcomes of Black Bream survey work undertaken in April 2021.	Progression of Review to Stage 4: Draft Byelaw by March 2024.	
			ALL - To achieve by 2024, in line with Government targets.	
	Key Assumption	Who	Further Details	
	 Authority approval at each stage of Byelaw development. 	DCO Research & Policy	Research and Policy Team Plan	
	 Provision of Conservation Advice from Natural England. Provision of data on location and extent of black bream within relevant MCZs from Natural England for BB Review 	Overarching Objectives		
			5 1 6 7 <mark>88</mark>	

SECTION 4: Reporting Metrics

Southern IFCA will report on the annual delivery of the 2023-2024 Annual Plan in the context of:

