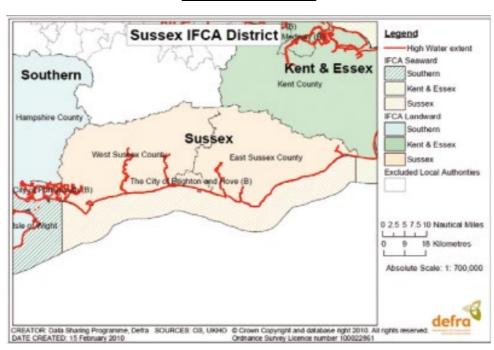


Sussex Inshore Fisheries and Conservation District

The Sussex Inshore Fisheries and Conservation Order 2010, section 3 defines the extent of both the landward and seaward elements of the Sussex Inshore Fisheries and Conservation District as Summarised.

- The combined areas of the relevant councils (the "basic area" of the district); and
- The sea adjacent to the basic area of the district within the boundaries specified to a distance of 6 nautical miles from the 1983 baselines.

Limits of the District



The western seaward boundary of the district			
Points	Latitude	Longitude	
1	50° 46.62N	0° 55.92W	
2	50° 33.93N	0° 55.92W	

The eastern seaward boundary of the district			
Points	Latitude	Longitude	
1	50° 55.32N	0° 51.16E	
2	50° 49.06N	0° 51.16E	

SUSSEX Inshore Fisheries and Conservation Authority



Bay Closing Line

The Sussex IFC District is affected by just one bay closing line, as drawn between Dunnose on the Isle of Wight and a point off Selsey Bill in the county of West Sussex.

The District therefore extends for six nautical miles drawn true south from this bay closing line, where it lies within the Sussex IFCA District.

Geographic extent of Sussex IFCA Byelaws

Unless subsequently revoked or remade all Sussex IFCA byelaws that were made prior to 1st April 2011 relate to the geographic extent of the historic Sussex Sea Fisheries District.

Summarised description of historic Sussex Sea Fisheries District

The Sussex Sea Fisheries District comprises that part of the sea which lies between a line drawn true south-east from the Old Lighthouse at Dungeness Point in the county of Kent to a line drawn true south from the flagstaff of the Hayling Island Coastguard Station in the county of Hampshire. The District extends seaward for six nautical miles from territorial base lines as established by the Territorial Waters Order in Council 1964.

Both the Sussex Inshore Fisheries District and historic Sussex Sea Fisheries District can be measured from the baseline points and bay closing line positions overleaf supplied by the United Kingdom Hydrographic Office.