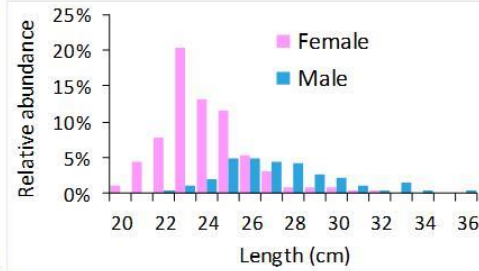




**Sussex**  
Inshore Fisheries and  
Conservation Authority



Males are larger and less abundant

Bream mature as females at 2-3 years old then change into males at 5-6 years

Females are smaller than males

Bream feed on invertebrates and seaweed

Found from Scandinavia to Africa

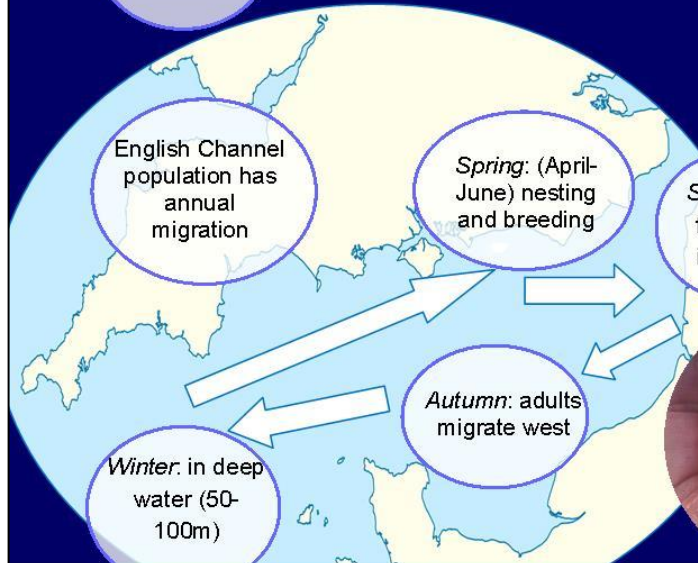
The females lay their eggs in the nest, then the males guard the eggs and the early stage juveniles from predators

The males use their tail to remove the surface gravel layer and expose the bedrock, creating a nest



Nests 1-2m wide, 5-30cm deep

Breed in Sussex, Dorset and Wales in UK



Juveniles stay inshore



# BLACK SEA BREAM